# COMP 516 Research Methods in Computer Science

#### **Dominik Wojtczak**

Department of Computer Science University of Liverpool

# COMP 516 Research Methods in Computer Science

Lecture 6: Bibliographies and Referencing (1)

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- 9 different free English language classes per week for intl students cgi.csc.liv.ac.uk/~dominik/teaching/comp516
- one of the them is just for you (MSc CS students)
   every Monday at 3pm in ELEC-204 (E4), starting next week
- Barclays lectures every Wednesday at 1pm in ALT
- first practical this Friday at 11am in Lab 1, HOLT Building

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### Today's Questions

Discuss the following questions:

- 1 Why do we cite the work of others?
- What constitutes a good source?
- 3 What information about a source should be included in a list of references?

### Why do we cite the work of others?

- To acknowledge the work of other writers and researchers
- To demonstrate the body of knowledge on which our work is based
- To enable the reader to trace our sources easily and lead her/him on to further information

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### According to the University's definition, plagiarism is:

- the verbatim (word for word) copying of another's work without appropriate and correctly presented acknowledgement;
- the close paraphrasing of another's work by simply changing a few words or altering the order of presentation, without appropriate and correctly presented acknowledgement;
- unacknowledged quotation of phrases from another's work;
- the deliberate and detailed presentation of another's concept as one's own.

Copying of another's work, then adding a reference to that work, is **NOT** considered an 'appropriate and correctly presented acknowledgement'

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- What constitutes a good source?
  - Precise location
    - → Sufficient information must be given for a third person to be able to locate your source
  - 2 Longevity of source (Journals → Proceedings → Technical Reports → Web sources)
  - 3 Accessibility of source
    - $\longrightarrow$  Completely free  $\rightarrow$  Free subscription  $\rightarrow$  Paid
    - Avoid 'private communication'
  - 4 Reputation / Quality of source
  - 5 'Originality' Original paper → secondary paper / translation
  - 6 'Language'
    If possible, a source should be in the language you write ir
  - 7 Readability of source Well written → badly written

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### Citing / Referencing

Formally recognising, within your text, the sources from which you have obtained information

#### Citation / Quotation

A passage or words quoted within your text, supported with a reference to its source

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A detailed description of a source from which you have obtained information

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- Claims, statements of fact, discussions of previous work should be supported by references, if not supported by your current work
   But: Do not cite to support common knowledge; do not end every sentence with a reference
- References to your own previous work is allowed if it is relevant to your current work
   But: Gratuitous self-reference is counterproductive
- Attribute work correctly, in particular, when relying on secondary sources
  - Bad: According to Dawson (1981), stable graphs have been shown to be closed
  - Good: According to Kelly (1959; as quoted by Dawson, 1981), stable graphs are closed

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  - Where the work can be obtained or found
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#### Book

- Author(s) or editor(s)
- Title and subtitle
- Edition, if not the first, for example 2nd ed.
- Series and individual volume number (if any)
- Publisher
- (Place of publication)
- Year of publication

#### Examples:

A. A. Fraenkel, Y. Bar-Hillel, and A. Levy. *Foundations of Set Theory*, 2nd revised edition. Studies in Logic and The Foundations of Mathematics 67. North-Holland, Amsterdam, 1973.

A. Robinson and A. Voronkov, editors. *Handbook of Automated Reasoning*. Elsevier, 2001.

Bad:

Marco Dorigo and Thomas Stutzle, Ant Colony Optimization.

Bad:

Marco Dorigo and Thomas Stutzle, Ant Colony Optimization.

Good:

Marco Dorigo and Thomas Stützle. Ant Colony Optimization. Bradford Book, 2004.

Bad:

JAVA, JAVA, JAVA by Ralph Morelli

Bad:

JAVA, JAVA, JAVA by Ralph Morelli

Good:

Ralph Morelli. Java, Java, Java: Object-Oriented Problem Solving, 2nd edition. Prentice Hall, 2003.

### Chapter/section of a book

- Author(s) of the chapter/section
- Title and subtitle of the chapter/section
- Author/editor of collected work
- Title and subtitle of collected work
- Chapter/section referred to
- Page numbers of chapter/section referred to
- Publisher
- (Place of publication)
- Year of publication

### Example:

W. Bibel and E. Eder. Methods and calculi for deduction. In C. J. Hogger, D. M. Gabbay and J. A. Robinson, editors, *Handbook of Logic in Artificial Intelligence and Logic Programming, Volume 1*, chapter 3, pages 67–182. Oxford University Press, 1993.

### Conference proceedings

- Editor(s) of proceedings
- Name and number of conference
- Location of conference (if appropriate)
- Time of conference
- Title of published work; if different from the name of the conference
- Series and individual volume number (if any)
- Publisher
- Place of publication
- Year of publication

### Example:

D. A. Basin and M. Rusinowitch, editors. *Automated Reasoning - Second International Joint Conference, IJCAR 2004, Cork, Ireland, July 4–8, 2004, Proceedings.* Lecture Notes in Computer Science 3097. Springer, 2004.

#### Bad:

Marco Dorigo, Gianni Di Caro, Michael Samples, Ant Algorithms, third international workshop, Ant 2002, Brussels, Belgium, September 2002, Proceedings.

#### Bad:

Marco Dorigo, Gianni Di Caro, Michael Samples, Ant Algorithms, third international workshop, Ant 2002, Brussels, Belgium, September 2002, Proceedings.

#### Good:

Marco Dorigo, Gianni Di Caro, and Michael Samples, editors. Ant Algorithms: Third International Workshop, ANTS 2002, Brussels, Belgium, September 12–14, 2002, Proceedings. Lecture Notes in Computer Science 2463. Springer, 2002.

### Conference paper

- Author(s) of the paper
- Title and subtitle of the paper
- All information on the conference proceedings plus
- Page numbers of the paper

### Example:

Volker Weispfenning. Solving Constraints by Elimination Methods. In D. A. Basin and M. Rusinowitch, editors. *Automated Reasoning - Second International Joint Conference, IJCAR 2004, Cork, Ireland, July 4–8, 2004, Proceedings.* Lecture Notes in Computer Science 3097, p. 336–341. Springer, 2004.

#### Journal article

- Author(s) of the article
- Title and subtitle of the article
- Title of the journal
- Volume and part number
- Page numbers of article
- Date, month or season of the year, if appropriate
- Year of publication

Note: Information on publisher is typically not required

### Examples:

R. MacGregor. Inside the LOOM description classifier. *SIGART Bulletin*, 2(3):88–92, 1991.

A. Seager. Energy subsidy plan for home runs out of cash. The Guardian, 21 October 2006, p. 6.

#### Thesis and dissertation

- Author of the work
- Title and subtitle of the work
- Type of work
- Awarding institution including its address
- Year, possibly month, of publication

### Examples:

- G. Rosu. *Hidden Logic*. PhD thesis, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, University of California, San Diego, CA, USA, August 2000.
- R. A. van der Goot. *Strategies for modal resolution*. Master's thesis, Faculty of Technical Mathematics and Informatics, Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands, 1994.

#### Web pages

- Author(s) of the web page(s)
- Title and subtitle
- URL
- Date of last modification, if available
- Date of access

#### Examples:

The PHP Group. PHP: Hypertext preprocessor.

http://www.php.net/. 22 October 2006.

The International DOI Foundation. The Digital Object Identifier System. http://www.doi.org/. 25 July 2006 (accessed 22 October 2006).

#### Bad:

http://www.cut-the-knot.org/blue/Stern.shtml

#### Bad:

http://www.cut-the-knot.org/blue/Stern.shtml

#### Good:

Alexander Bogomolny. Stern-Brocot Tree.

http://www.cut-the-knot.org/blue/Stern.shtml. Last modification June 17, 2000. Accessed October 26, 2006.

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"I shall never be ashamed of citing a bad author if the line is good."

— Seneca

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