

Ontology Languages (COMP321)

Exercise 1

1. Recall the syntax of the Description Logic \mathcal{EL} . Assume that A and B are concept names and r and s are role names. For each of the following expressions, state whether

- it is a \mathcal{EL} concept;
- a \mathcal{EL} concept definition;
- a primitive \mathcal{EL} concept definition;
- \mathcal{EL} concept inclusion;
- none of the above.

(a) $A \sqcap B$

(b) $(A \sqcap B) \sqcup A$

(c) $\neg B$

(d) $A \sqsubseteq B$

(e) $\exists r.(A \sqcap B)$

(f) $A \sqcap B \sqsubseteq B$

(g) $A \equiv A \sqcap B$

(h) $\exists A.B$

(i) $r \sqsubseteq s$

(j) $A \equiv \exists s.B$

(k) $\perp \sqsubseteq \top$

2. Create an \mathcal{EL} TBox \mathcal{T} that models the following facts:

- (a) Mammals are animals.
- (b) Cats are mammals that are carnivores.
- (c) Elephants are mammals that are herbivores.
- (d) Carnivores eat meat.

(e) A vertebrate is any animal that has, amongst other things, a backbone.

Is the following \mathcal{EL} -TBox an \mathcal{EL} -terminology? Explain your answer. Express each concept inclusion in natural language:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Fish} &\sqsubseteq \text{Animal} \sqcap \exists \text{ lives_in. Water} \\ \exists \text{ eat. Meat} &\sqsubseteq \text{Carnivore} \\ \text{Bird} &\equiv \text{Vertebrate} \sqcap \exists \text{ has_part. Wing} \\ &\quad \sqcap \exists \text{ has_part. Leg} \sqcap \exists \text{ lays. Egg} \\ \text{Reptile} &\sqsubseteq \text{Vertebrate} \sqcap \exists \text{ lays. Egg} \end{aligned}$$

3. Let $\mathcal{I} = (\Delta^{\mathcal{I}}, \cdot^{\mathcal{I}})$ be an interpretation, where

- $\Delta^{\mathcal{I}} = \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$
- $A^{\mathcal{I}} = \{a, b\}$
- $B^{\mathcal{I}} = \{c, d, e, f\}$
- $r^{\mathcal{I}} = \{(a, c), (a, e), (b, f)\}$

Determine the extension $C^{\mathcal{I}}$ of the following \mathcal{EL} -concepts C under \mathcal{I} :

- $A \sqcap B$
- $\exists r. B$
- $\exists r. (A \sqcap B)$
- \top
- $A \sqcap \exists r. B$

Which of the following are true?

- $\mathcal{I} \models A \equiv \exists r. B$
- $\mathcal{I} \models A \sqcap B \sqsubseteq \top$
- $\mathcal{I} \models \exists r. A \sqsubseteq A \sqcap B$
- $\mathcal{I} \models \top \sqsubseteq B$
- $\mathcal{I} \models B \sqsubseteq \exists r. A$