# Lab Two

#### COMP 219 - Advanced Artificial Intelligence Xiaowei Huang Cameron Hargreaves

October 1st 2018

## 1 Reading

Begin by reading chapter two of Python Machine Learning until page 32 (p34 2nd edition) found in the learning resources section of the vital page for COMP219. Code for this book is available online via the vital page or the book website, however it is recommended that you do not copy and paste this, try to type each line and understand what it is you are doing as you go along

## 2 Implent the Perceptron Learning Algorithm

1. Implement the perceptron class from the book in your preferred IDE and run the code up to page 32, verifying your plots match those of the book

### 3 Tasks

- 1. Modify the code so that instead of inputting the first and third colummns of the iris dataset (sepal length and petal length), we input the sepal width (first column) and petal length. How many epochs does this take before we no longer update the weights of our perceptron
- 2. Update the code to instead classify "Iris-versicolor" from "Iris-virginica" on sepal and petal length. Will our classifier ever be able to correctly classify all instances of versi-color in this dataset?
- 3. Add the data for the iris species virginica onto the scatter plot from page 29 and plot these values together. Which species are not linearly separable based on sepal and petal width?

#### 4 Further Questions

1. Below is the logic table for an AND gate, using a learning rate,  $\eta$  of 0.5, an initial weight vector of  $\mathbf{w} = [0, 0]$  and an initial threshold,  $\phi$  of 1 what is the final weight vector after running through each value in the below table for three epochs  $X_{\mathbf{v}} = X_{\mathbf{v}} \mid \mathbf{V}$ 

$\Lambda_1$	$\Lambda_2$	I					
0	0	-1			W.	W.	W.
0	1	-1			1	$\frac{vv_1}{0}$	<u>2</u>
1	0	-1			1	0	0
1	1	1					

- 2. Read up to page 42 and implement the ADALine perceptron that is described in this chapter
- 3. The ADALine perceptron reuses a lot of the same code as the binary perceptron. Reimplement ADALine by inheriting the Perceptron class reusing as much of the code as possible